



Bootstrapping Physics-Grounded Video Generation through VLM-Guided Iterative Self-Refinement



Team MR-CAS

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Background



- > Overview: Test the physical-aware ability of generation models on Physics-IQ Benchmark
- Goal: Generate a 5-second video that conforms to physical principles, based on a 3-second prefix video and a brief text description
- Categories: Solid Mechanics, Fluid Dynamics, Optics, Thermodynamics, Magnetism

A row of colorful wooden blocks lined up on a wooden table with a wooden stick attached to a black rotating platform. The platform rotates clockwise and the wooden stick hits the first block as it rotates. Static shot with no camera movement.

Time

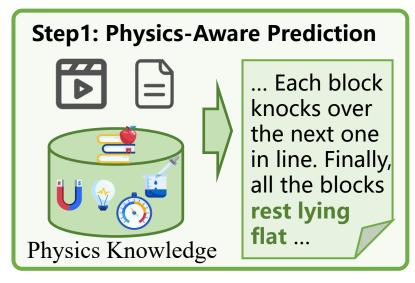


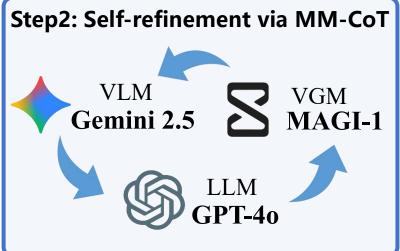
Generated videos

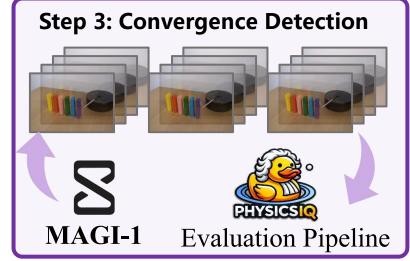


> Motivation

- > Q1: What are the bottlenecks in physics-aware video generation?
- > Q2: How to activate the potential of video generation models in physics conformity?
- > Methods: VLM-guided iterative self-refinement via multimodal chain-of-thought

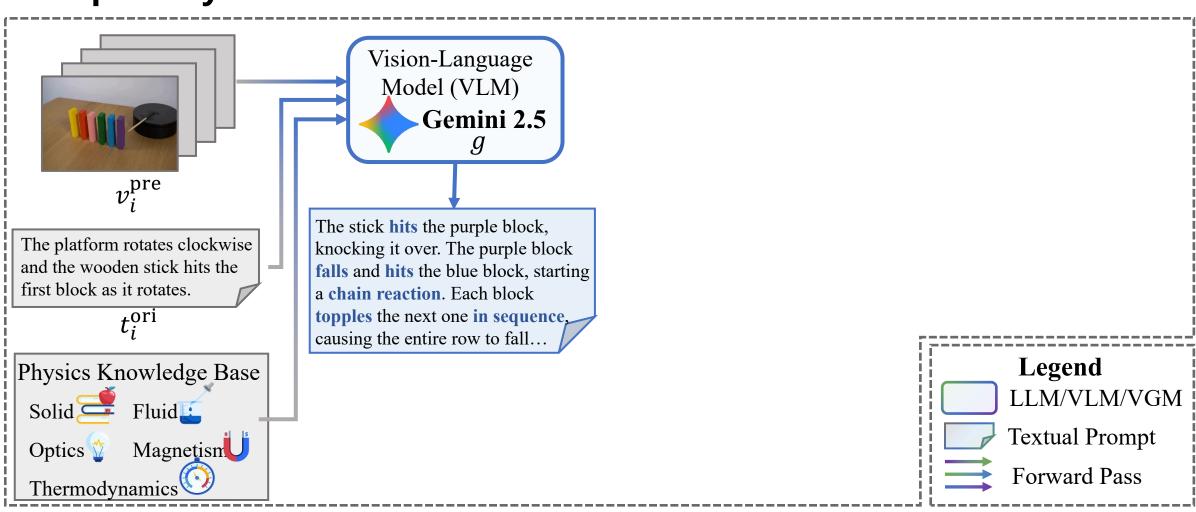






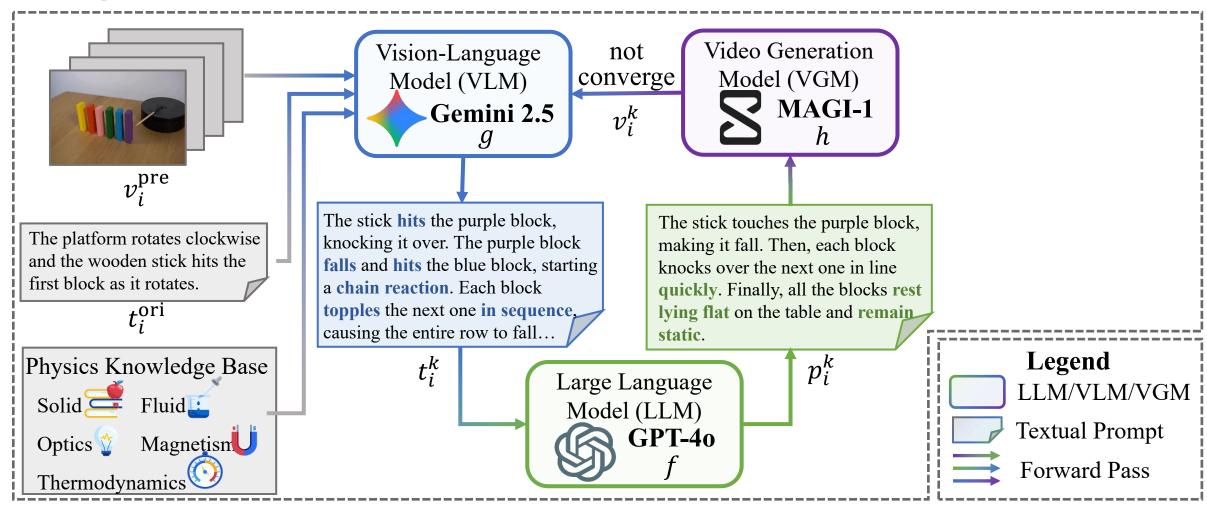


> Step 1: Physics-Aware Text Prediction



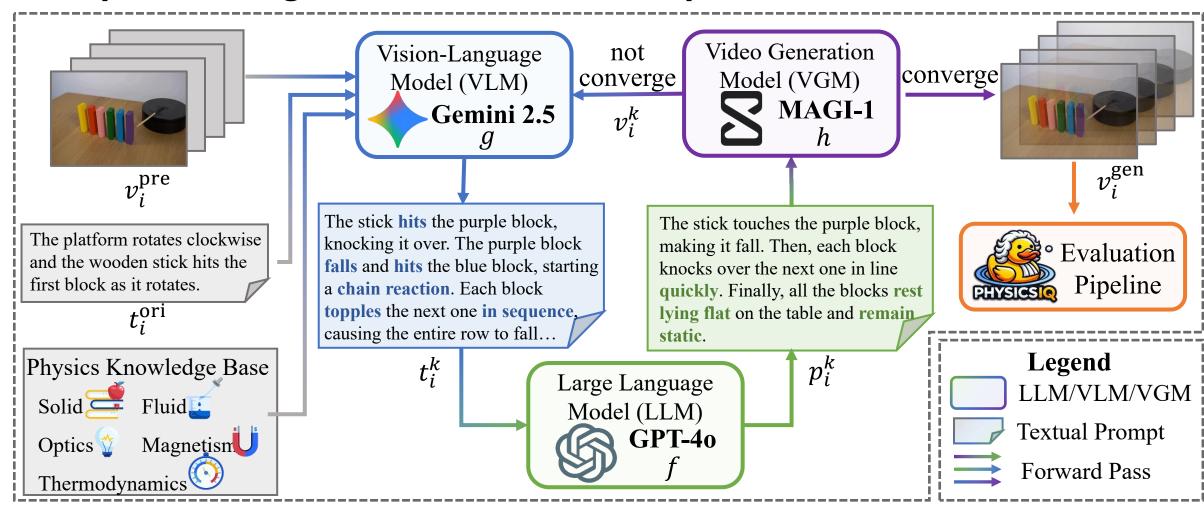


> Step 2: Iterative Self-Refinement via MM-CoT





> Step 3: Convergence Detection and Output





Example Original

A row of colorful wooden blocks lined up on a wooden table with a wooden stick attached to a black rotating platform. The platform rotates clockwise and the wooden stick hits the first block as it rotates.



1st Loop missing physical clues ... The rotating platform begins to turn clockwise. The attached wooden stick sweeps around, gradually approaching the row of colorful wooden blocks. **As it completes its rotation**, the stick makes contact with the first block, causing it to topple over.



2nd **Loop** complex physical description ... The attached stick makes contact with the first block, transferring kinetic energy and applying a torque that overcomes the block's static **equilibrium**. **Pulled by gravity**, the first block pivots and falls, striking the next block. This impact propagates **a wave of momentum and energy** down the line, causing each successive block to topple in a chain reaction...



3rd Loop abstract physical constraints ... The black object rotates clockwise at a steady speed, and its attached stick pushes the purple block over. The purple block falls and strikes the blue block, starting a **chain reaction**. Each block **topples in sequence**, knocking over the next one down the line from purple to yellow.



4th Loop suitable expression ... The black object rotates clockwise at a steady speed, and its attached stick **pushes** the purple block over. Six blocks **fall one by one**. Finally, all the blocks come to rest **lying flat** on the table...



Results



> Quantitative Results

- > Iterative prompts leads to consistent performance gains
- ➤ The best attempt achieves a Physics-IQ score of **62.38**, which improves upon the baseline by 6.07.

Table 1. Performance across Iterative Loops on the Physics-IQ Benchmark. * indicates partial refinement on incomplete prompts.

No.	Method	Infer. Steps	Physics-IQ Score (†)
1	1st Loop	16	49.80
2	2nd Loop	16	48.31*
3	3rd Loop	16	51.65
4	4th Loop	16	52.92
5	1st Loop	32	49.49
6	4th Loop	32	49.15*
7	Ensemble $\{1,2,5\}$		57.09
8	Ensemble {1,2,3,4,5,6}		62.38

Results



> Qualitative Results

- > For relatively **simple** physical scenarios, the video generation model produces results that closely align with real-world physical principles
- > "Simple": slow and continuous changes, single target, and simple interactions

Solid Mechanics 🚅 Fluid Dynamics 📹





Optics 🕎



Thermodynamics ()



Magnetism 🔱























Results



> Failure Cases Analysis

- > Video generation models are often data-driven rather than logic-based reasoning.
- > Video generation models lack the knowledge of the real-world physical principles.

GT









VGM



ambiguous boundaries e



emergent phenomena



individual confusion



complex combination

Conclusion



> Conclusion

- > Q1: What are the bottlenecks in video generation with physical perception?
 - > The lack of large-scale data labeled with physical rules for training, this makes it hard for them to truly understand physics
- > Q2: How to activate the potential of video generation models in physics conformity?
 - > Training with physics-labeled data and interaction
 - > Distilling and fine-tuning representations to align with visual foundation models
 - ➤ Using advanced LLMs and VLMs to optimize prompts

Physics-aware video generation still has a long way to go...





Thanks for your listening!

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